

# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2026 REGULAR SESSION**

**Introduced**

### **Senate Bill 1008**

BY SENATORS HELTON, ROSE, AND TARR

[Introduced February 19, 2026; referred  
to the Committee on the Judiciary]



1 A BILL to amend and reenact §55-7G-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating  
2 to the statute of limitations for asbestos and silica litigation; and clarifying when a cause  
3 of action may be brought.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

**ARTICLE 7G. ASBESTOS AND SILICA CLAIMS PRIORITIES ACT.**

**§55-7G-9. Statute of limitations; two-disease rule.**

1 (a) With respect to an asbestos or silica action not barred by limitations as of this article's  
2 effective date, an exposed person's cause of action shall not accrue, nor shall the running of  
3 limitations commence, prior to the earlier of the date:

4 (1) The exposed person received a medical diagnosis of an asbestos-related impairment  
5 or silica-related impairment;

6 (2) The exposed person discovered facts that would have led a reasonable person to  
7 obtain a medical diagnosis with respect to the existence of an asbestos-related impairment or  
8 silica-related impairment; or

9 (3) The date of death of the exposed person having an asbestos-related or silica-related  
10 impairment.

11 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to revive or extend limitations with respect to  
12 any claim for asbestos-related impairment or silica-related impairment that was otherwise time-  
13 barred on the effective date of this article.

14 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to adversely affect, impair, limit, modify,  
15 or nullify any settlement or other agreements with respect to an asbestos or silica action entered  
16 into prior to the effective date of this article.

17 (d) An asbestos or silica action arising out of a nonmalignant condition shall be a distinct  
18 cause of action from an action for an asbestos-related or silica-related cancer. Where otherwise  
19 permitted under state law, no damages shall be awarded for fear or increased risk of future  
20 disease in an asbestos or silica action.

21 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a plaintiff in an asbestos or silica action  
22 may not bring an action against the manufacturers of mining equipment used underground when  
23 the exclusive use of asbestos in the equipment was as a result of specific requirements under 30  
24 CFR Part 18 or, as to the use of silica, the design was as specified in 30 CFR Part 33 when the  
25 equipment was originally manufactured, based on any theory or doctrine, except within the  
26 applicable limitations period and, in any event, within 12 years from the date of first sale, lease,  
27 or delivery of possession by the manufacturers or 10 years from the date of first sale, lease, or  
28 delivery of possession to its initial user, consumer, or other non-seller, whichever period expires  
29 earlier, unless the manufacturers of equipment used in coal mining have expressly warranted or  
30 promised the product for a longer period and the action is brought within that period. This section  
31 does not apply to the use of brakes and any brake material.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to amend the procedures for the handling of asbestos and silica litigation and to enhance the ability of the judicial system to manage such litigation.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.